



## **Foxton Primary School**

### **Children in Care Policy**

Date:	March 2024
Reviewed by:	Janet Muir (HT) and Lisa Murphy
Next review date:	March 2025
Date Ratified at FGB	27/03/24
Signed:	

Our school is committed to safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children

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### 1. Aims

The school aims to ensure that:

- A suitable member of staff is appointed as the designated teacher for children in care and previous children in care
- A suitable member of the governing body is appointed as designated governor for children in care and previous children in care
- The designated teacher promotes the educational achievement of children in care and previous children in care, and supports other staff members to do this too
- Staff, parents, carers and guardians are aware of the identity of the designated teacher and governor, how to contact them and what they are responsible for

### 2. Legislation and statutory guidance

This policy is based on the Department for Education's [statutory guidance on the designated teacher for looked-after and previously looked-after children](#). It also takes into account [section 20](#) and [section 20A](#) of the Child and Young Persons Act 2008.

### 3. Definitions

**Children in care** (previously known as looked-after children) are registered pupils that are:

- In the care of a local authority, or
- Provided with accommodation by a local authority in the exercise of its social services functions, for a continuous period of more than 24 hours

**Previous children in care** are registered pupils that fall into either of these categories:

- They were looked after by a local authority but ceased to be as a result of any of the following:
  - A child arrangements order, which includes arrangements relating to who the child lives with and when they are to live with them
  - A special guardianship order
  - An adoption order
- They appear to the governing board to have:
  - Been in state care in a place outside of England and Wales because they would not have otherwise been cared for adequately, and
  - Ceased to be in that state care as a result of being adopted

**Personal education plan (PEP)** is part of a child in need's care plan that is developed with the school. It forms a record of what needs to happen and who will make it happen to ensure the child reaches their full potential.

**Virtual school head (VSH)** is a local authority officer responsible for promoting the educational achievement of their authority's children in care children, working across schools to monitor and support these pupils as if they were in a single school. The VSH is also responsible for providing information and advice to schools, parents and guardians in respect of previous children in care children.

## 4. Identity of our designated teacher

Our designated teacher is Lucie d'Heudieres

You can contact her by emailing: [office@foxton.cambs.sch.uk](mailto:office@foxton.cambs.sch.uk)

Our designated teacher takes lead responsibility for promoting the educational achievement of children in care and previous children in care children at our school. They are your initial point of contact for any of the matters set out in the section below.

Janet Muir, headteacher, may also be contacted by emailing: [head@foxton.cambs.sch.uk](mailto:head@foxton.cambs.sch.uk)

## 5. Role of the designated teacher

### 5.1 Leadership responsibilities

The designated teacher will:

- Act as a central point of initial contact within the school for any matters involving children in care and previous children in care
- Promote the educational achievement of every child in care and previous children in care on roll by:
  - Working with VSHs
  - Promoting a whole school culture where the needs of these pupils matter and are prioritised
- Take lead responsibility for ensuring school staff understand:
  - The things which can affect how children in care and previously children in care children learn and achieve
  - How the whole school supports the educational achievement of these pupils
- Contribute to the development and review of whole school policies to ensure they consider the needs of children in care and previously children in care children
- Promote a culture in which children in care and previously children in care children are encouraged and supported to engage with their education and other school activities
- Act as a source of advice for teachers about working with children in care and previously children in care children
- Work directly with children in care and previously children in care children and their carers, parents and guardians to promote good home-school links, support progress and encourage high aspirations
- Have lead responsibility for the development and implementation of children in care children's PEPs
- Work closely with the school's designated safeguarding lead to ensure that any safeguarding concerns regarding children in care and previously children in care children are quickly and effectively responded to

- Involve parents and guardians of previously children in care children in decisions affecting their child's education

## **5.2 Supporting children in care children**

The designated teacher and headteacher will:

- Make sure children in care children's PEPs meet their needs by working closely with other teachers to assess each child's specific educational needs
- Have overall responsibility for leading the process of target-setting in PEPs
- Monitor and track how children in care children's attainment progresses under their PEPs
- If a child is not on track to meet their targets, be instrumental in agreeing the best way forward with them in order to make progress, and ensure that this is reflected in their PEP
- Ensure the identified actions of PEPs are put in place
- During the development and review of PEPs, help the school and relevant local authority decide what arrangements work best for pupils
- Ensure that:
  - A child in care's PEP is reviewed before the statutory review of their care plan – this includes making sure the PEP is up to date and contains any new information since the last PEP review, including whether agreed provision is being delivered
  - PEPs are clear about what has or has not been taken forward, noting what resources may be required to further support the child and from where these may be sourced
  - The updated PEP is passed to the child's social worker and VSH ahead of the statutory review of their care plan
- Transfer a child in care's PEP to their next school or college, making sure it is up to date and that the local authority responsible for looking after them has the most recent version

## **5.3 Supporting both child in care children and previously child in care children**

The designated teacher will:

- Ensure the specific needs of child in care and previously child in care children are understood by staff and reflected in how the school uses pupil premium funding
- Work with VSHs to agree how pupil premium funding for child in care children can most effectively be used to improve their attainment
- Help raise the awareness of parents and guardians of previously child in care children about pupil premium funding and other support for these children
- Play a key part in decisions on how pupil premium funding is used to support previously child in care children
- Encourage parents' and guardians' involvement in deciding how pupil premium funding is used to support their child, and be the main contact for queries about its use
- Ensure teachers have awareness and understanding of the specific needs of child in care and previously child in care children in areas like attendance, homework, behaviour and future career planning
- Be aware of the special educational needs (SEN) of child in care and previously child in care children, and make sure teachers also have awareness and understanding of this
- Ensure the SEND code of practice, as it relates to child in care children, is followed
- Make sure PEPs work in harmony with any education, health and care (EHCP) plans that a child in care child may have

- Ensure that, with the help of VSHs, they have the skills to identify signs of potential SEN issues in child in care and previously child in care children, and know how to access further assessment and support where necessary
- Ensure that they and other staff can identify signs of potential mental health issues in child in care and previously child in care children and understand where the school can draw on specialist services
- Put in place robust arrangements to have strengths and difficulties questionnaires (SDQs) or equivalent completed for looked-after children, and use the results of these SDQs or equivalent to inform PEPs
- Put in place mechanisms for understanding the emotional and behavioural needs of previously child in care children

## 5.4 Relationships beyond the school

The designated teacher will:

- Proactively engage with social workers and other professionals to enable the school to respond effectively to the needs of child in care and previously child in care children
- Discuss with social workers how the school should engage with birth parents, and ensure the school is clear about who has parental responsibility and what information can be shared with whom
- Be open and accessible to parents and guardians of previously child in care children and encourage them to be actively involved in their children's education
- Proactively build relationships with local authority professionals, such as VSHs and SEN Specialist Teaching Team
- Consider how the school works with others outside of the school to maximise the stability of education for looked-after children, such as:
  - Finding ways of making sure the latest information about educational progress is available to contribute to the statutory review of care plans
  - Ensuring mechanisms are in place to inform VSHs when child in care children are absent without authorisation and work with the responsible authority to take appropriate safeguarding action
  - Talking to the child's social worker and/or other relevant parties in the local authority regarding any decisions about changes in care placements which will disrupt the child's education, providing advice about the likely impact and what the local authority should do to minimise disruption
  - Making sure that, if a child in care child moves school, their new designated teacher receives any information needed to help the transition process
- Seek advice from VSHs about meeting the needs of individual previously child in care children, but only with the agreement of their parents or guardians
- Make sure that for each child in care child:
  - There's an agreed process for how the school works in partnership with the child's carer and other professionals, such as their social worker, in order to review and develop educational progress
  - School policies are communicated to their carer and social worker and, where appropriate, birth parents
  - Teachers know the most appropriate person to contact where necessary, such as who has the authority to sign permission slips
- Where a child in care child is at risk of exclusion:

- Contact the VSH as soon as possible so they can help the school decide how to support the child to improve their behaviour and avoid exclusion becoming necessary
- Working with the VSH and child's carers, consider what additional assessment and support needs to be put in place to address the causes of the child's behaviour
- Where a previously child in care child is at risk of exclusion, talk to the child's parents or guardians before seeking advice from the VSH on avoiding exclusion

## **6. Monitoring arrangements**

This policy will be reviewed annually by Lucie d'Heudieres - Designated Teacher (child in care and previously child in care) and Janet Muir (HT). At every review, it will be approved by the full governing board.

## **7. Links with other policies**

This policy links to the following policies and procedures:

- Behaviour and anti-bullying policy
- Safeguarding and child protection policy
- SEN policy
- Supporting pupils with medical needs